



FLYING HIGH WITH ULTRACAM DRAGON 4.1

Advanced Hybrid Aerial Imaging and LiDAR Technology

Vexcel Imaging GmbH, Bernhard Schachinger, 28th March 2024

Where we come from

GET TO KNOW US



1992

Vexcel was
founded

2003

First UltraCam
introduced

2006

Part of
Microsoft

2010

First UltraMap
version

2016

Privately owned
again

2017

Vexcel Data
Program

2020

Verisk
Acquisition



What we do

OUR PRODUCT LINE-UP

ULTRACAM



ULTRAMAP

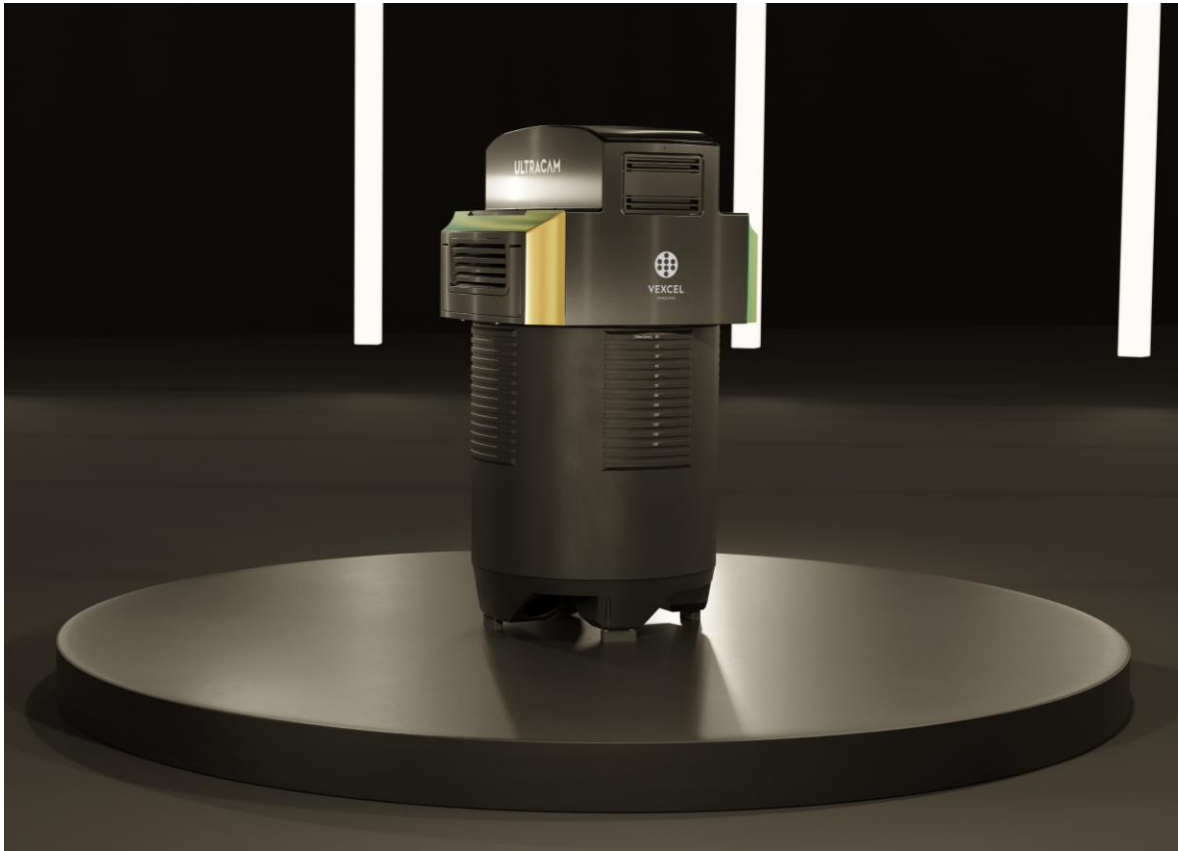


ULTRAMOUNT
&
ULTRANAV



UltraCam Dragon 4.1

HYBRID AERIAL MAPPING SYSTEM

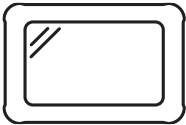


System Components

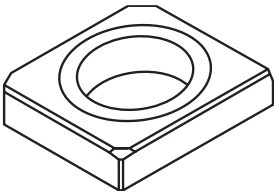
Cameras

LiDAR scanner

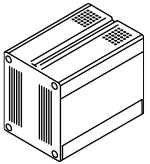
UltraNav v7 (610 level)



3 Vexcel IPTs for camera,
LiDAR scanner & UltraNav
plus 1 pilot display



UltraMount
GSM 4000

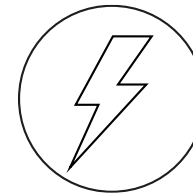


4th generation
data units
(16, 32 TB)

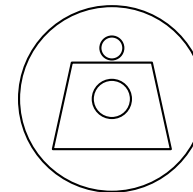


UltraCam Dragon 4.1

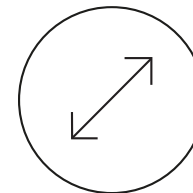
KEY METRICS



POWER CONSUMPTION
Max. 665 W



WEIGHT
<75 kg

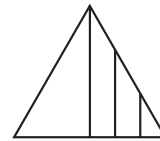


CYLINDER DIAMETER
395 mm

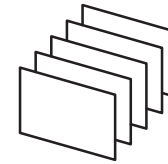


UltraCam Dragon 4.1

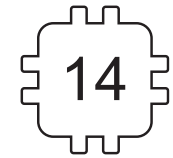
HIGH-PERFORMANCE CAMERAS



>83 dB at
base ISO



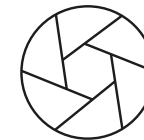
0.7 frames
per second



14 bits at
4 bands



Adaptive Motion
Compensation
(multi-directional)



Prontor magnetic-0
HS2 shutter
(field exchangeable)



True Pixel
Processing
approach



Adaptive Motion Compensation (AMC)

PROCESSING OVERVIEW

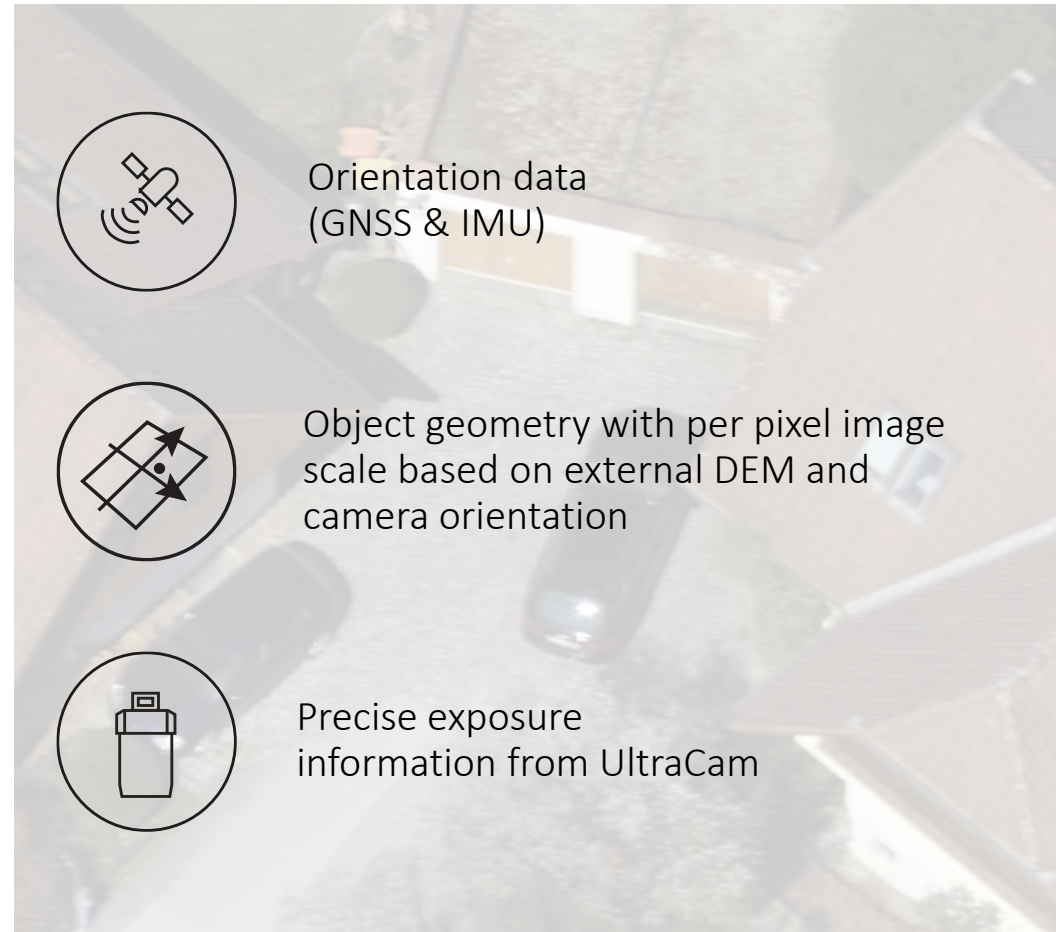


Blurry
Image



Adaptive Motion Compensation (AMC)

PROCESSING OVERVIEW



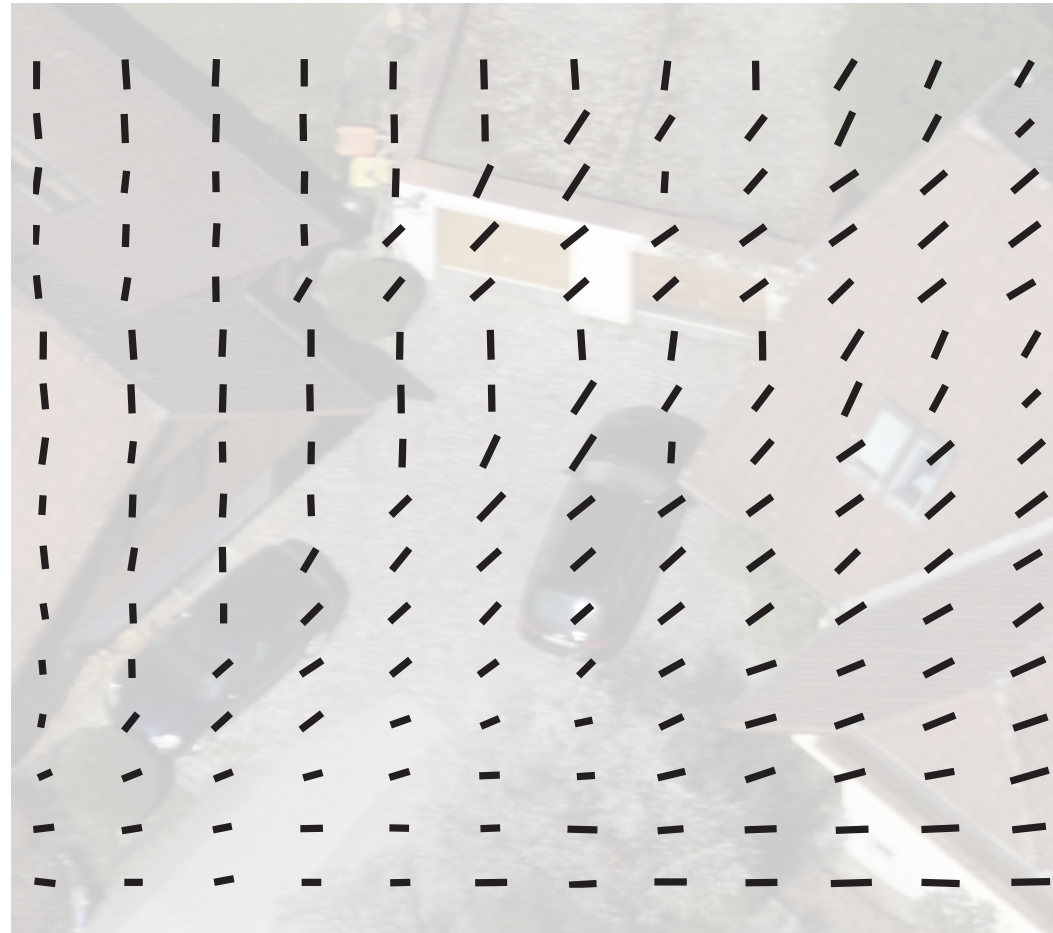
Raw
Image

Three
Known
Factors



Adaptive Motion Compensation (AMC)

PROCESSING OVERVIEW



Raw
Image

Three
Known
Factors

Compute
PSFs



Adaptive Motion Compensation (AMC)

PROCESSING OVERVIEW



Raw
Image

Three
Known
Factors

Compute
PSFs

Solve
Blur
Model



UltraCam Dragon 4.1

CAMERA SYSTEM LAYOUT





UltraCam Dragon 4.1

CAMERA SYSTEM LAYOUT

3.76 μm CMOS
Custom lenses

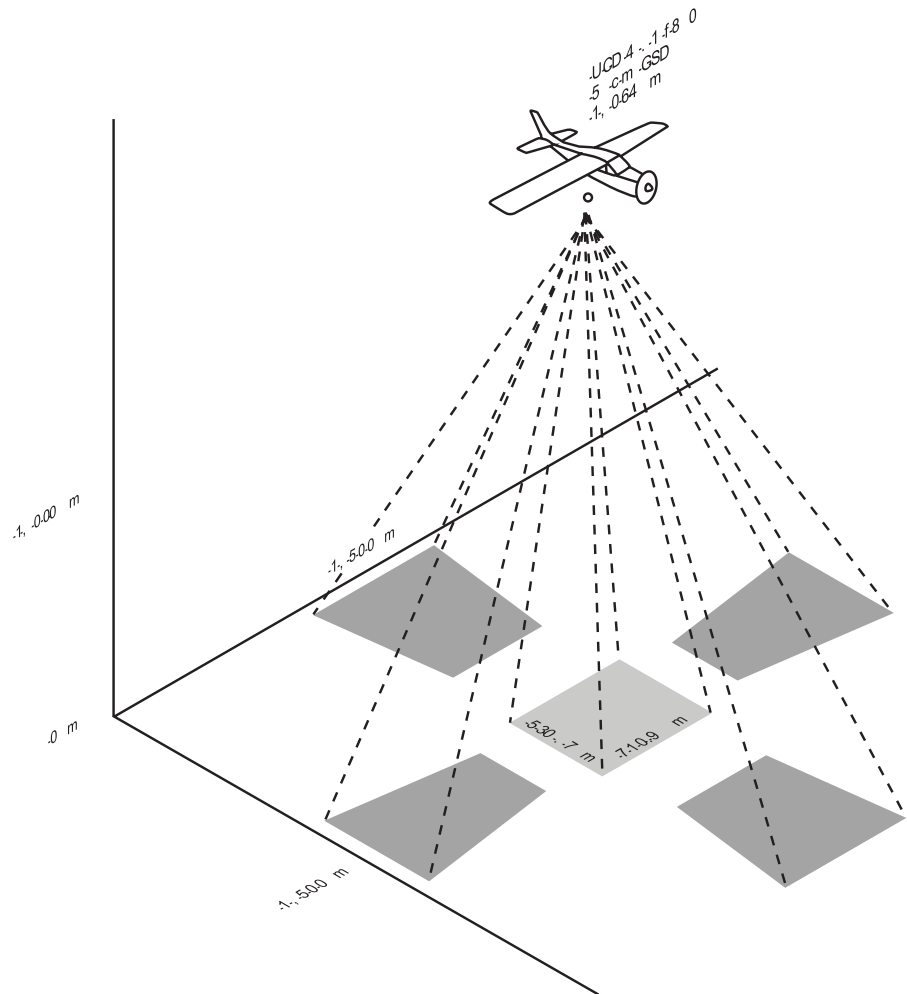


1 x 150 MP NIR nadir
14,144 x 10,560 pixels



UltraCam Dragon 4.1

2 FOCAL LENGTH OPTIONS



NADIR

Focal length
FOV across track
along track

OBLIQUE

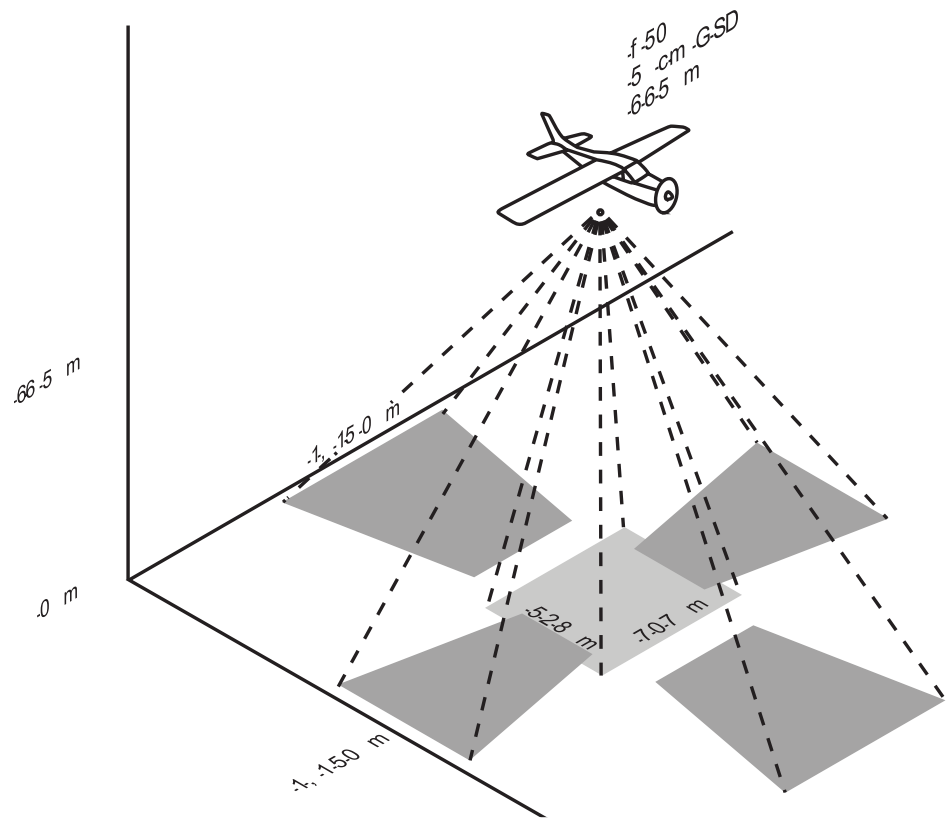
Focal length
FOV across track &
along track

| |
|----------------|
| f80 |
| 80 mm |
| 36.8° 27.9° |
| 123 mm |
| 45° |



UltraCam Dragon 4.1

2 FOCAL LENGTH OPTIONS



NADIR

Focal length
FOV across track
along track

OBLIQUE

Focal length
FOV across track &
along track

f80

80 mm
36.8°
27.9°

f50

50 mm
56.0°
43.3°

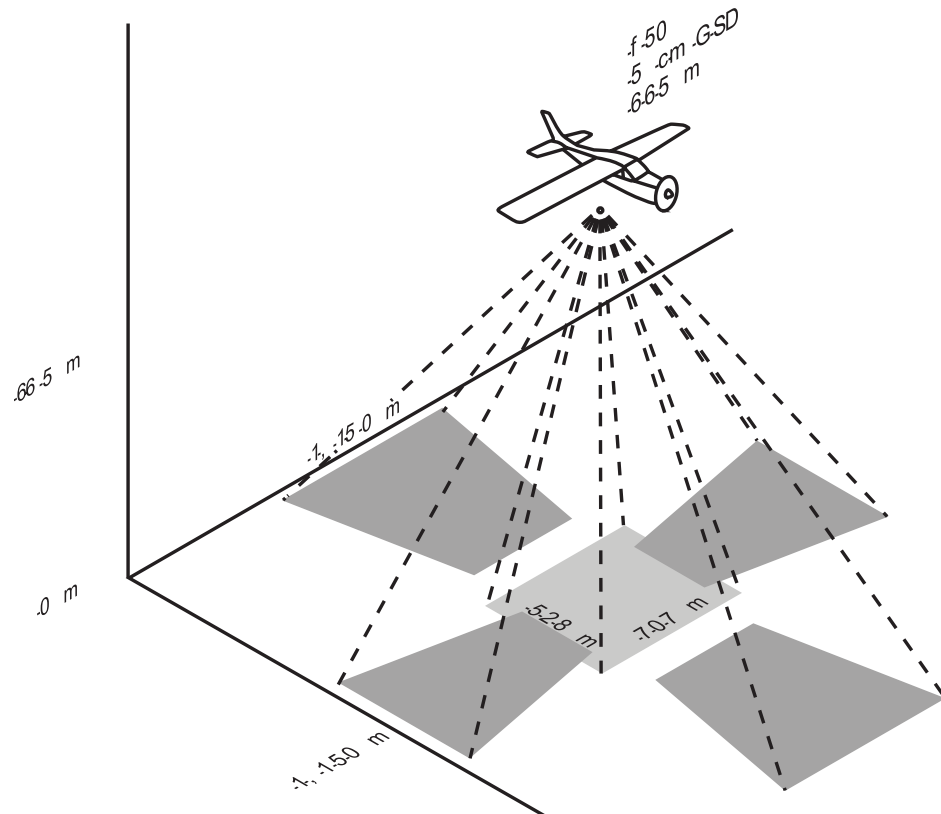
123 mm
45°

80 mm
45°



UltraCam Dragon 4.1

2 FOCAL LENGTH OPTIONS



NADIR

Focal length

FOV across track
along track

OBLIQUE

Focal length

FOV across track &
along track

f80

80 mm

36.8°
27.9°

f50

50 mm

56.0°
43.3°

123 mm

45°

80 mm

45°

UltraCam Dragon 4.1 f80

5 cm GSD @ 1,064 m AGL @ 120 knots

~25 pt/m2 @ 2 MHz PRR



UltraCam Dragon 4.1

RIEGL VQ-680 OEM LIDAR SCANNER



Systems integrator edition

Functional housing with hard mounting points

Small aperture dimensions

External GNSS synchronization

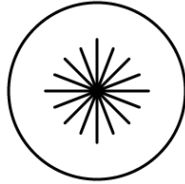
Laser safety mechanism support

For integration into hybrid camera/lidar systems



UltraCam Dragon 4.1

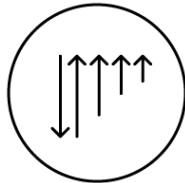
RIEGL VQ-680 OEM LIDAR SCANNER



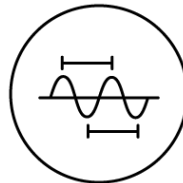
Class
3B laser
product



Online
waveform
processing



Multiple target
capability



1,052 nm NIR
wavelength



UltraCam Dragon 4.1

LIDAR SCANNER

LASER PULSE REPETITION RATE (PRR)
Up to 2.4 MHz (selectable)

MAX. MEASUREMENT RATE
Up to 2,000,000
measurements/second



ECHO SIGNAL INTENSITY
for each echo signal

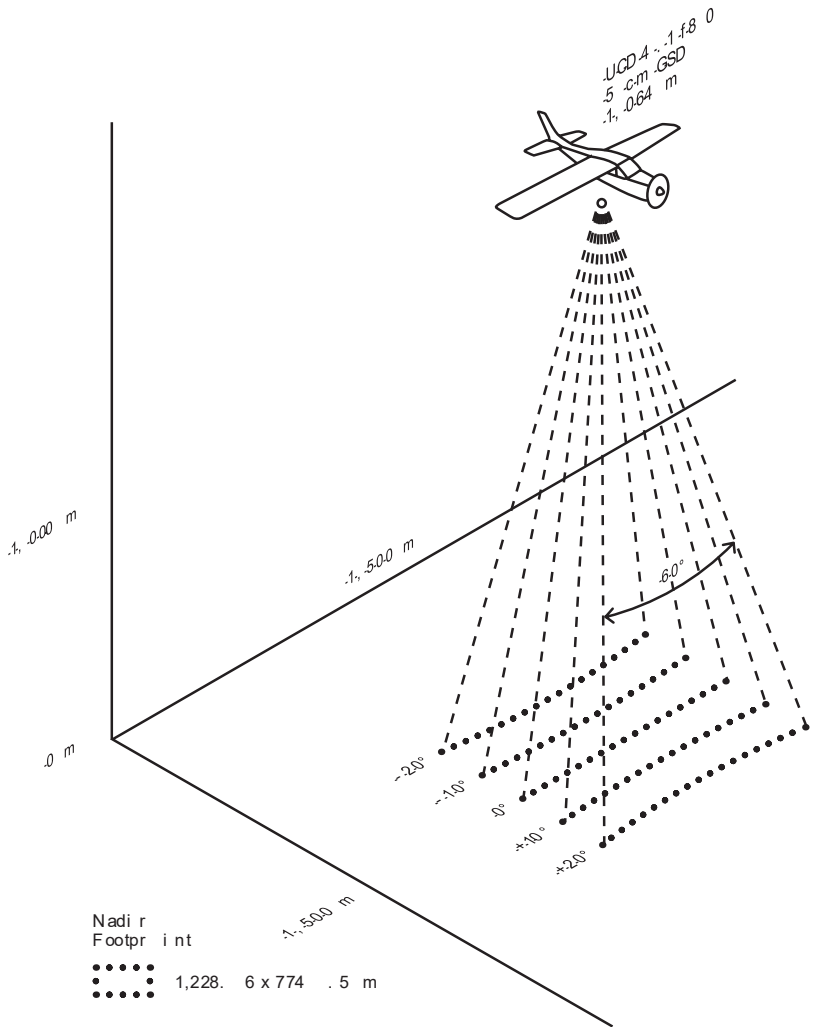
MAX. TARGETS PER PULSE
Up to 32



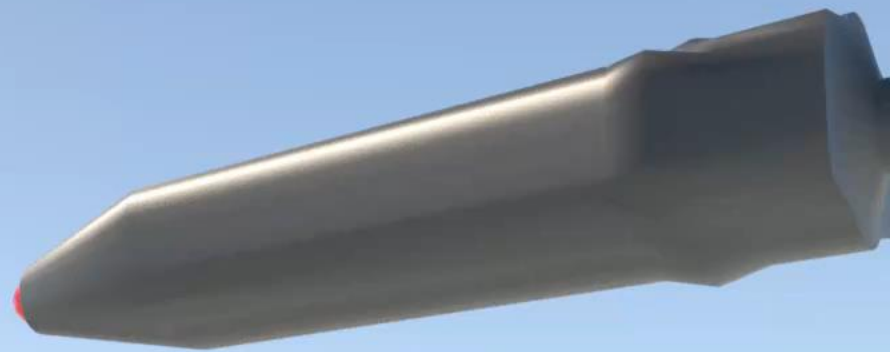


UltraCam Dragon 4.1

EFFICIENT LIDAR SCAN PATTERN



| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Scanning mechanism | Rotating polygon mirror |
| Scan pattern | Regular scan grid with 5 parallel scan lines (2 forward, 1 nadir , 2 backward) |
| FOV, across track | 60° |
| along track | 40° |
| Angular directions along track | -20°, -10°, 0° , 10°, 20° |
| Total scan rate | 50-500 lines per second (configurable) |



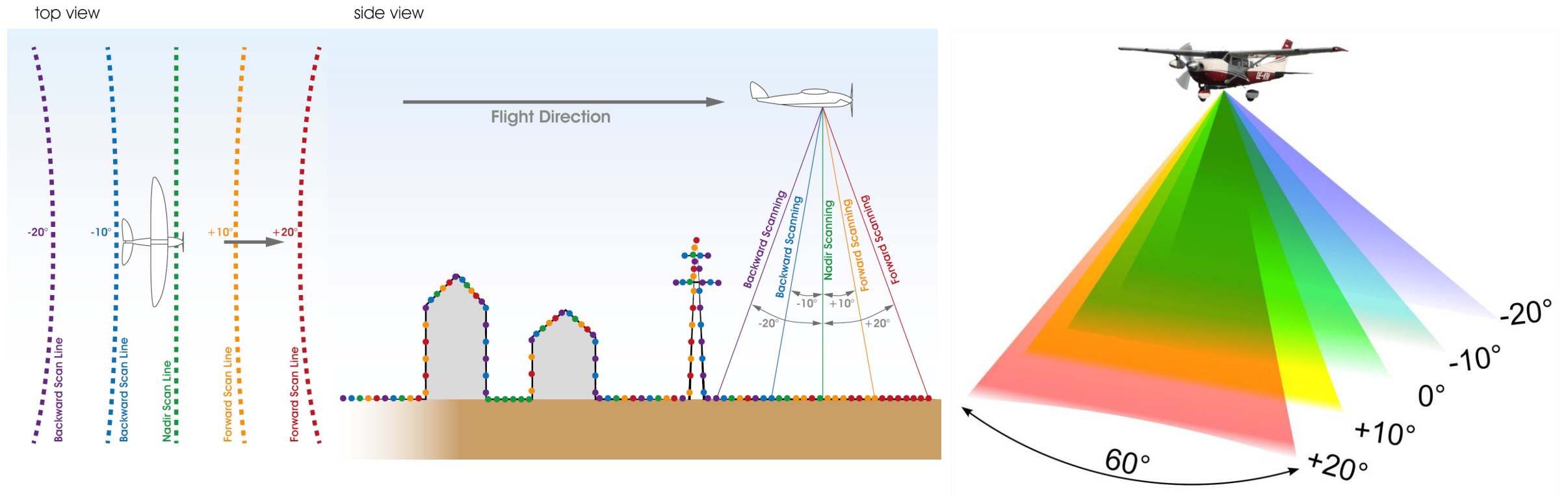
**FORWARD
MOTION**





UltraCam Dragon 4.1

SCANNING MECHANISM



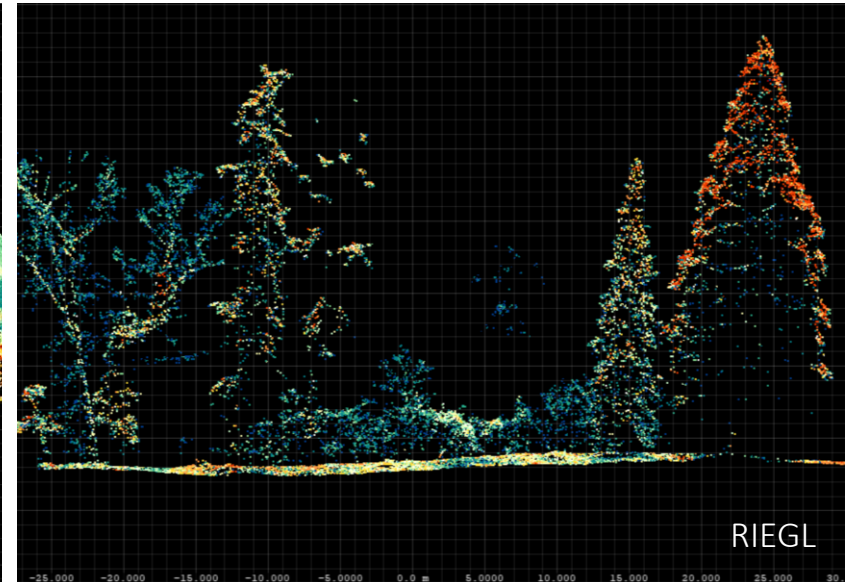
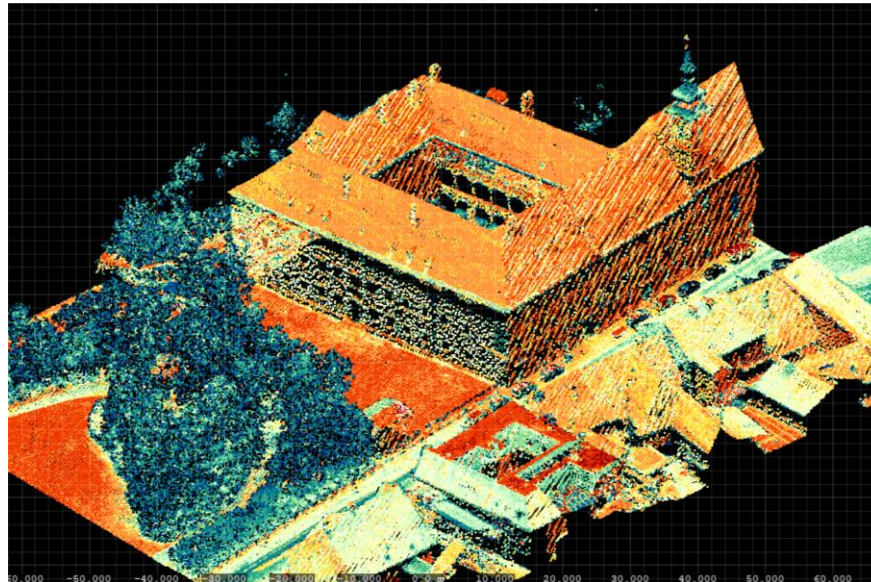
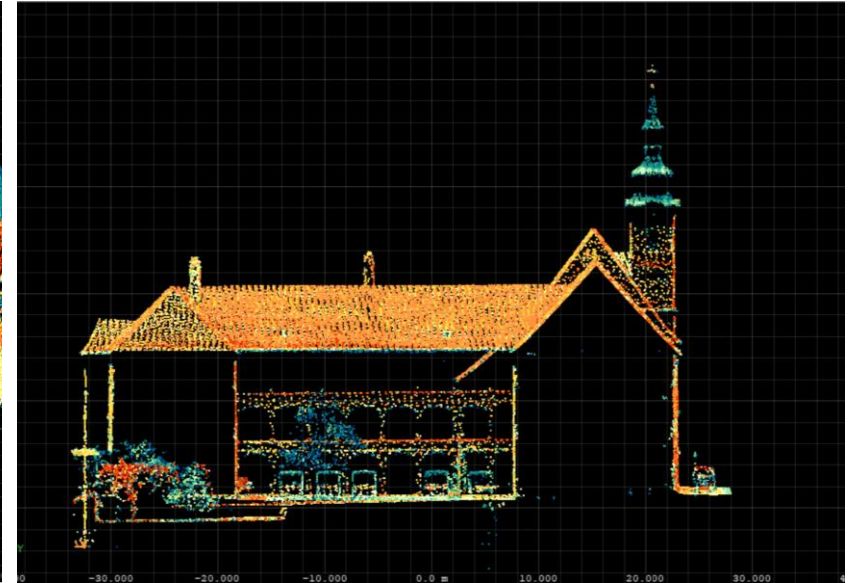
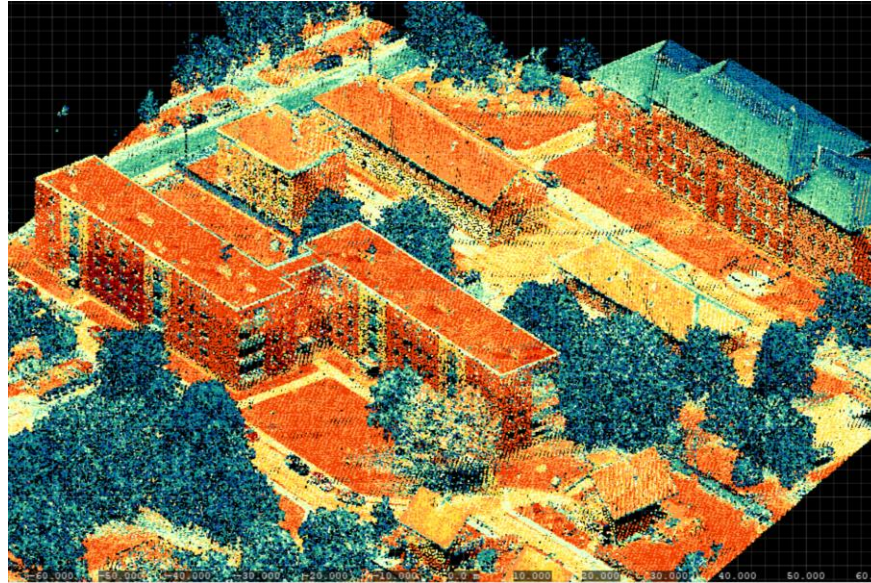


VQ-680 OEM

FIRST TEST FLIGHT RESULTS

Scanning at various angles brings many benefits:

- Excellent coverage of vertical structures (facades, tree shapes, ...)
- Enhanced penetration of vegetation (ground level under dense tree canopy)
- Availability of façade points for even the narrowest inner courtyards

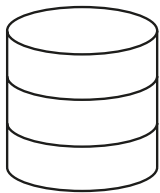
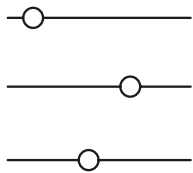


RIEGL



UltraCam Dragon 4.1

SOFTWARE WORKFLOW



PLAN

TOPOFLIGHT
MISSIONPLANNER

RiParameter

COLLECT

Camera Operating
Software (COS)

TOPOFLIGHT
NAVIGATOR

RiAcquire

PROCESS

UltraMap

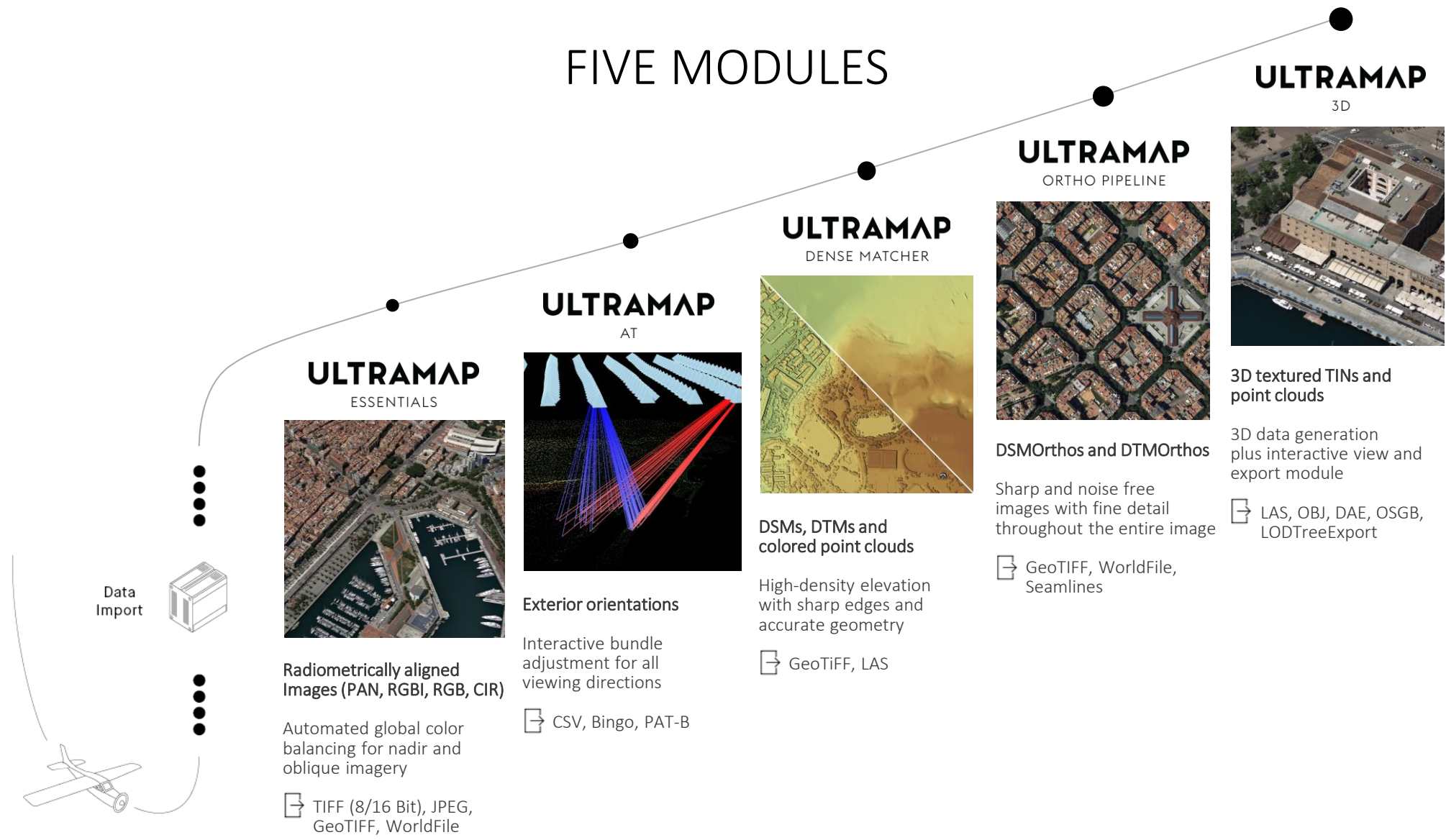
Applanix
POSPac MMS

RiProcess, RiUnite



Workflow overview

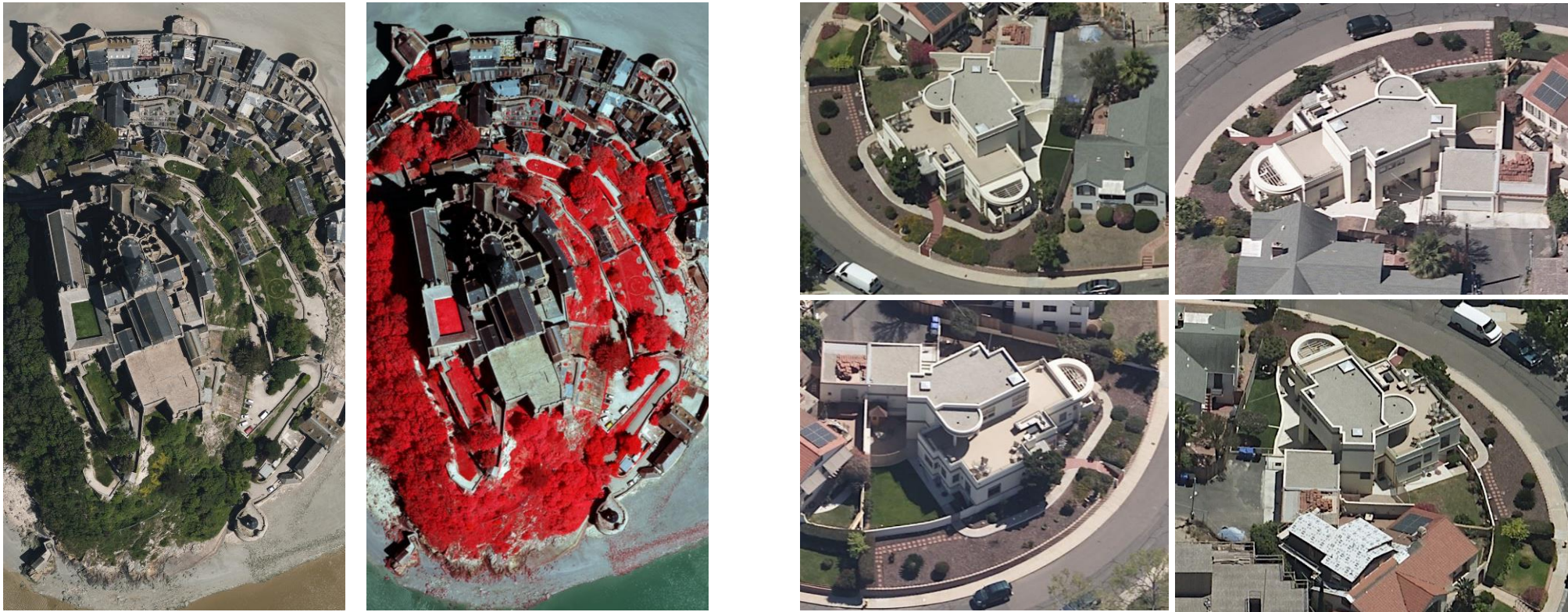
FIVE MODULES





UltraCam Dragon 4.1 & UltraMap

IMAGERY-BASED DATA PRODUCTS

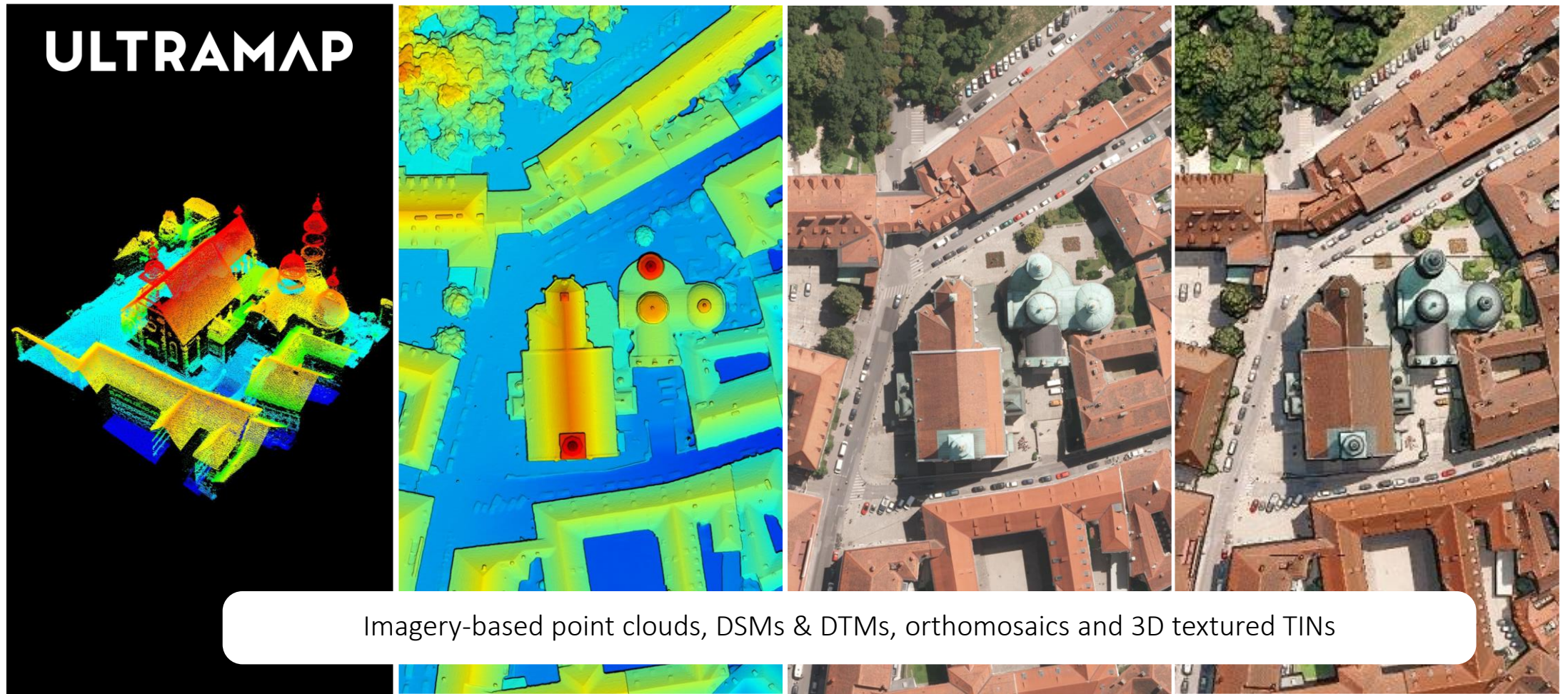


RGB & CIR Nadir images, RGB oblique images



UltraCam Dragon 4.1 & UltraMap

IMAGERY-BASED DATA PRODUCTS



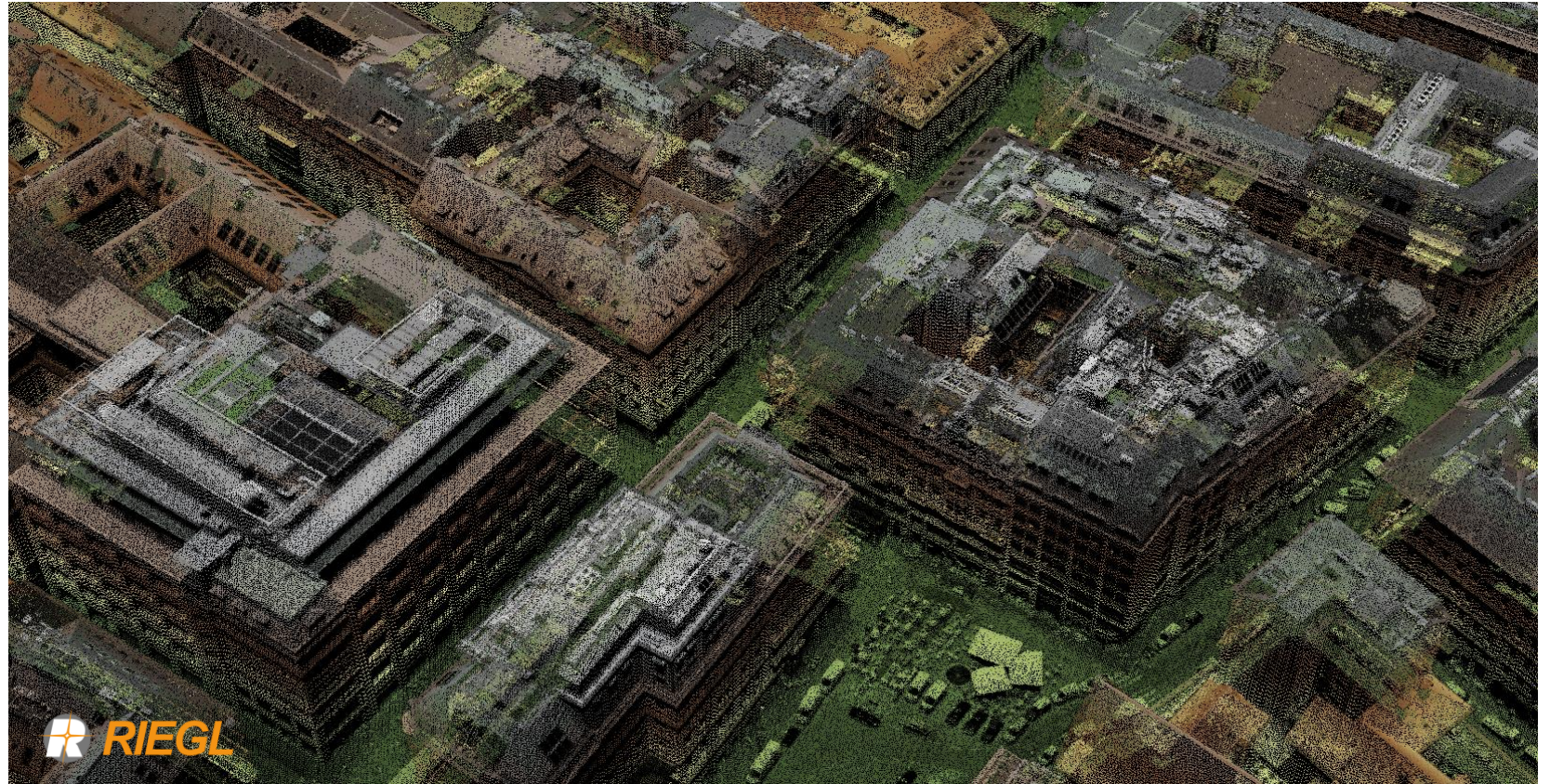


UltraCam Dragon 4.1 & RiProcess

LIDAR-BASED DATA PRODUCTS

Lidar point clouds are inherently ortho-rectified and provide exceptionally good vertical height control, compared to imagery.

Colored by elevation and intensity.

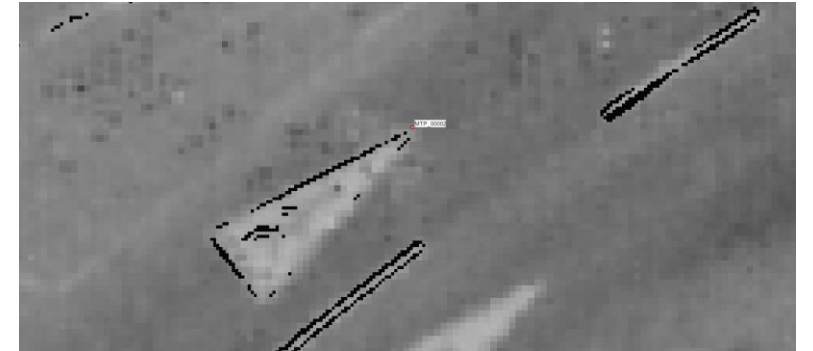




Work in Progress: Verification

ALIGNMENT OF CAMERAS AND LIDAR

- Checking relative orientation of imagery and lidar
- As early as possible in the workflow
- Simple approach:
 - Measure points in imagery
 - Measure the same points in lidar (use intensity information)
 - Calculate residuals
- Image measurements can be filtered to describe single camera components (nadir, nadir & oblique, oblique)





Work in Progress: Modification

ALIGNMENT OF CAMERAS AND LIDAR

- Use measured coordinates of points in imagery and lidar from verification
- Calculate transformation parameters
- Apply transformation to point cloud
- Rerun verification with point measurements



THANK YOU!